## QAEM

**COPPER INDUSTRIES COMPANY** 



www.qaemcopper.com

### Introduction

Copper articles discovered during various investigations in different parts of Iran and also remainders of primitive smelting furnaces show that Iranians have had the knowledge of mining and smelting of copper since old ages. Archeological studies show that mining activities had been relatively brisk since about 5,000 B.C. Unearthed articles during excavations which have been made of copper, bronze, gold and silver show that mining operations and metal foundry industries retained their progressing trend in later millenniums.

Copper resources of IRAN are fairly rich. Copper mines in Sarcheshmeh (Kerman province) have been categorized among important mines of the world. NICICO (National Iranian Copper Industries Company) has already started to develop its capacity in a way to achieve the goal to produce 400,000 Tons/year copper cathode within the next few years. This means producing more feeding materials for downstream industries whose raw materials are copper cathode and consequently contributes to growing these industries.

QAEM Copper industries Company, founded in 2001 in land of 71,000m<sup>2</sup> consists of production hall, utilities and office building which are located in Murchekhort industrial

zone, 40Km north of Isfahan, which is known as one of the most famous industrial and historical cities. The plant is equipped with necessary facilities to produce 24,000 Tons/year of various kinds of seamless copper tubes including LWC (Plain & I.G), Pancake and Straight.

QAEM management team is evaluating deeply to equip the plant for second phase to reach its goal up to 2020 which is production of 30,000 Tons/Year of different copper tubes. All QAEM's products are made from Cu-DHP and Cu-ETP by using high grade copper cathode with purity of 99.9% which ensures the highest trustworthy products.

QAEM Copper industries Co. Produces different kinds of seamless high quality copper tubes by Cast & Roll Technology (C&R). This technology was invented for the first time in 1992 to produce seamless copper tubes. C&R process consists of two main sections: Melting & Casting and Tube Rolling. After casting, the outside surface of the shell is milled to remove scales and oxidation. Moreover, no lubricants are used in the rolling process, and the material is protected by inert gas during hot working. As a result, the tube is bright both inside and outside, which further improves drawability and yield of the C&R process.



QAEM's products can meet the demand of industries such as:

Refrigerators, Freezers, Air Conditioners (all in both Household and Industrial types), Condensers, Evaporators, Heat Exchangers, Boilers, Hot and Cold Thermostats, Refrigerator Compressors, Electrical Connecting Element, Combustible Gas Distribution System, Sanitary System and etc.

QAEM copper tubes serve many other industries too. These include manufacturers of gas heater, dryer filters, water taps, industrial refrigeration equipments and instillation purposes. We deliver tubes for these applications in a wide range of sizes in all common tempers and delivery formats. Moreover, tubes used in assembly and installation of refrigeration systems need special care to cleanliness of the bore, and are thus delivered with closed ends. All of our mills have the capability of delivering these refrigerators grade tubes in coil as well as straight length. QAEM Copper industries Co. also can render technical service to customer as per their request.

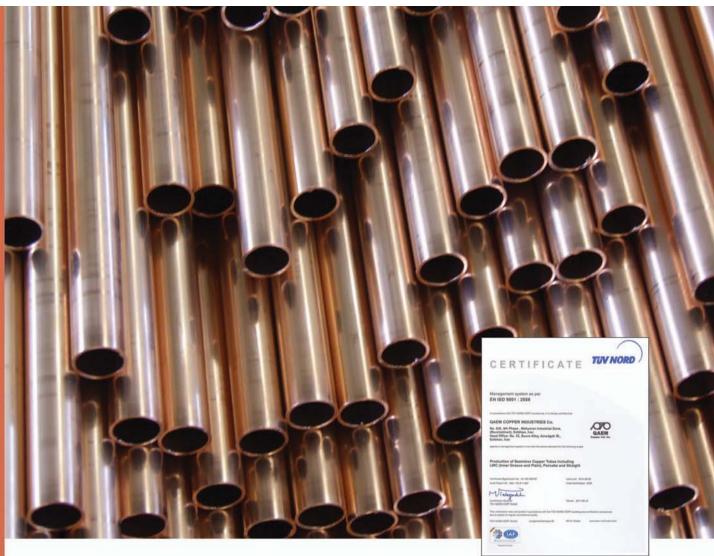
QAEM's core values are expressed through specific policies such as customer focus (attention to customer requirements in terms of innovative products and

services), ensure quality (our investment policies and internal procedures guarantee a high level of quality throughout the production process), widespread Innovation (further to our commitment to R&D in product and process innovation, at QAEM we stimulate our employees to generate innovative ideas at every phase of their work) and working together. Besides, increasing and guaranteeing safety in the work place is a priority for QAEM. In addition, awareness of the social significance of the enterprise and our responsibility towards the environment are two values to which QAEM is dedicating increasing energy and resources, with regard to both products and industrial processes.

We are your reliable partner for your projects and we guarantee the best service for you, before and after sales. It is our sincere hope, thought, that you ultimately would choose us not only for our capability and our product, but also for our dedication to your success. We will build our core business through continuous product innovation to better serve you; we will expand our business to serve growing markets in the Middle East and East Europe where many new opportunities exist.



For QAEM, a commitment to innovation means offering products and services which meet the customer's requirements, support their need to create profitable products and also respond to the need for advanced technology on the part of the end user. These objectives are reached via constant improvement of the surface and body of the product, its form and even its packaging as specified by the customer, by improvement in quality.

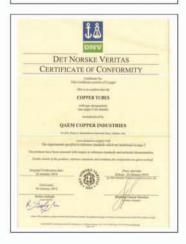


## **Quality Policy**

QAEM Copper Industries Company has established the quality management system according to ISO 9001-2000. Moreover QAEM is the only copper tube manufacturer in the Middle East who could get Certificate of Conformity with ASTM B280 and EN 1057 Standards. Top managements declare the scopes of company as follow:

- 1 Focus on customer satisfaction by commitment to continues improvement of quality production.
- 2 Increase capacity of production and variety of products.
- 3 Increase local market share and expand trade in global market.
- 4 Focus on innovation, research and development and using the most suitable technology in the company.
- 5 Focus on health, safety, training personnel and value the human resources as one of the most integral factors for the survival and growth of the company.
- 6 To have logic relation with our suppliers.
- 7 Environmental preservation and energy saving management and improvement productivity.





### Level Wound Coil (LWC) copper Tube, Bright Annealed





		(	General Spe	cifications				
Si	zes	Material	Ten	nper	Coil Weight	Form of	Packing	
Outside	Wall	Cu: 99.90% Phosphorous: 0.015-0.040%	Light	Soft		With Bobbin	Bobbin-less	
Diameter (mm)	Thickness C12200 DHP (MM) (ASTM B68, B75, B88)	Annealed Annealed (O50) (O60)		80-250 (kg)	Cardboard & Wooden Reels	Cardboard		
	0.28 - 1.10	Cu - DHP (EN 12735, En 12449)		supplied in wn temper		Stacked on pallets and shrink wrappe		

Applications: Air Conditioning units and heat exchanger industries, Refrigeration and general engineering applications.

Level Wound Coil (LWC) Seamless Copper Tube is one of QAEM Copper Industries co. products. All LWC tubes are normally produced according to ASTM & European Norm specifications. These specifications were prepared to take account of the requirements of ACR industry. Level Wound Coils are specially suited to long production runs for industrial applications and it is widely applied to the Air Conditioning & Refrigeration as well as the Heat Exchanger field. Each millimeter of tubes is 100% Eddy-Current tested and any surface defects found will be clearly marked by black color. For heavy coils, we wound LWC copper tubes in "Eye to the Sky" (Jumbo) form as per customer request.

Level Wound Coils are most commonly supplied in the soft and light annealed forms, also they can be ordered in hard drawn temper. During the Annealing process, tubes are normally cleaned with Nitrogen purging both from inside and outside. Moreover to protect tubes against dust & internal oxidation during transportation or long storing, we purged inside tubes and tubes ends are sealed with plastic caps. Coils on reel are stacked on pallets and shrink wrapped

At QAEM, LWC products are usually packed with wooden or cord board reels (and even without reels) as per customers request.

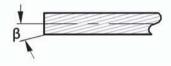
						P	roduct	s Rang	е						
W.T.	mm	0.3	0.35	0.4	0.45	0.5	0.55	0.6	0.63	0.7	0.76	0.8	0.9	1	1.2
mm	inch	0.012	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022	0.024	0.025	0.028	0.030	0.031	0.035	0.039	0.047
4				1	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	1	1	1	1	1			
4.76	3/16			✓	✓	✓	1	✓	1	✓					
6.35	1/4		1	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	1	1	1	<b>✓</b>		
7.93	5/16	1	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	$\checkmark$	1	1	1	✓	
9.52	3/8	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	✓	✓	✓	1	1	✓	
12			1	<b>✓</b>	1	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	1	<b>✓</b>	1	1	<b>✓</b>	
12.7	1/2		1	1	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	1	✓	<b>✓</b>	1	✓	1	<b>✓</b>
15.87	5/8			<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>V</b>
16						<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	1	1	✓	✓	✓	1	
18								1	1	1	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	
19.05	3/4							$\checkmark$	1	1	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	✓

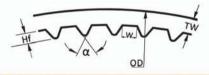
Note: Other sizes can be made as per customer requirement according to mutual agreement.

Outside Diameter (mm)	Tem	per	Coil Weight	Delivery Form
5.00 - 15.87	Light Annealed O50 (ASTM B75, B68)	Hard Drawn H85 (ASTM B75 , 68)	80 – 170 Kg	LWC and Straight length

Inner Grooved copper tube is one of the QAEM Products. To improve the heat transfer characteristics of tube, the inner surface of tube is provided with spirally running grooves. Increased internal surface area, turbulent flow of refrigerant and uniform distribution of refrigerant around the periphery of tube cause increment

of efficiency. Heat transfer coefficient of these tubes is about 1.8-2 times of the same specification of plain tube. It is widely applied in Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Industries, which are in conformance with the developing tendency of air conditioner to high efficiency, energy saving, environment-friendly and healthy.





### Specification of Inner Grooved Copper Tubes Manufactured in QAEM

Specification	Outside Diameter OD (mm)	Bottom Wall Thickness TW (mm)	Groove Depth <b>Hf (mm)</b>	Apex Angle α (degree)	Helix Angle <b>β (degree)</b>	Number of Tooth (Num.)	Unit Weight (gr/m)
Ф5.00 × 0.20 + 0.15	5.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	40	34
Ф7.00 × 0.22 + 0.10		0.22 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.10 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	15 <sup>±2°</sup>	65	47
Φ7.00 × 0.25 + 0.10	7.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.10 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	65	52
Φ7.00 × 0.25 + 0.18	7.00	0.25	0.18 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	50	58
Φ7.00 × 0.28 + 0.15		0.28 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	50	62
Φ7.93 × 0.28 + 0.15	7.93 <sup>± 0.05</sup>	0.28 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±5°</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	50	70
Ф9.52 × 0.27 + 0.16		0.27 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.16 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	70	82
Ф9.52 × 0.28 + 0.12			0.12 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	65	80
Φ9.52 × 0.28 + 0.15		0.28 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15 <sup>±0.02</sup>	40 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	60	86
Ф9.52 × 0.28 + 0.20	9.52 <sup>± 0.05</sup>		0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7°</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	60	89
Φ9.52 × 0.30 + 0.20		0.30 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	60	95
Ф9.52 × 0.34 + 0.15		0.34 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15 <sup>±0.02</sup>	50 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	60	103
Φ9.52 × 0.45 + 0.20		0.45 <sup>±0.04</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	48 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	60	132
Φ12.00 × 0.41 + 0.20	12.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.41 <sup>±0.04</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	65 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	60	156
$\Phi$ 12.70 × 0.35 + 0.25	12 70 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2</sup>	65	155
$\Phi$ 12.70 × 0.45 + 0.20	12.70 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.04</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	50	180
Φ15.87 × 0.40 + 0.30	4F 07±0.05	0.40 <sup>±0.04</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7°</sup>	18 <sup>±2°</sup>	60	218
Ф15.87 × 0.45 + 0.30	15.87 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.04</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.03</sup>	53 <sup>±7*</sup>	18 <sup>±2*</sup>	75	239



	General S	pecifications	
Size	es	Coil Length	Temper Designation
Outside Diameter 3/16" - 7/8"	Wall Thickness	50' - 180'	Soft Annealed (O60)
(4.76 - 22.22 mm)	0.35 - 1.2 mm	(and/or 15 - 50 meter)	(ASTM B88 , B280 , EN12735

Application: Air Conditioning & Refrigeration Field Service

Pancake Coil Copper Tube (PCC) intended for use in the connection, repairs, or alternations of air conditioning or refrigerator units in the field. QAEM Pancake tube is in accordance with specifications given in ASTM Standard (B88, B280) and European Norm (EN12735) and other general norms. According to EN standard, Pancake tube has good bending properties for using in utility supplies

such as plumbing installations, gas transport networks, air conditioning systems and refrigerant piping. These products are usually supplied in the annealed form. All coils are cleaned and capped to keep it away from entering any contaminants. These are individually labeled, shrink wrapped and boxed in cardboard cartons for ease of handling and distribution.

								Prod	ucts R	ange								
W.T.	mm	0.35	0.4	0.45	0.5	0.55	0.6	0.63	0.65	0.7	0.76	0.8	0.81	0.89	1	1.07	1.14	1.2
mm	inch	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022	0.024	0.025	0.026	0.028	0.030	0.031	0.032	0.035	0.039	0.042	0.045	0.047
4.76	3/16																	
6.35	1/4										ASTM							
7.93	5/16																	
9.52	3/8												ASTM					
12.7	1/2												ASTM					
15.87	5/8													ASTM				
19.05	3/4															ASTM		
22.22	7/8																ASTM	

**Note:** Other sizes can be made as per customer requirement according to mutual agreement.

ASTM: ASTM B280 Standard Sizes

### **Straight Length Copper Tube**



	Ge	eneral Specifications						
Siz	es	Length		Temper Designation				
Outside Diameter 4 - 66.67 (mm)	Wall Thickness 0.35 - 2.41 (mm)	10" - 20" 3000 - 6000 (mm)	Hard (H)	Half Hard (1/2 H)	Light Annealed (O50)	Soft Annealed (O60)		
			(ASTM B280,	B88, JIS H3300,	EN 1057, EN 13	500, EN 1273		

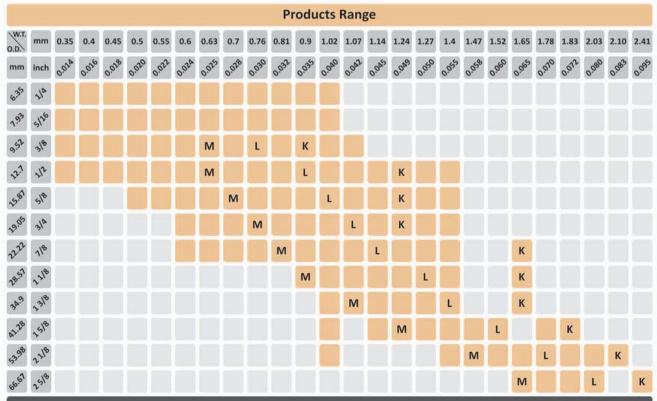
Application: Used for Air Conditioning & Refrigeration Ind., Piping Systems (i.e. piping, connections, repairs) Electrical and Sanitary Ind.

These products are usually capped (both ends) and packed with Wrapped Plastic

Straight copper tubes are used for air conditioning & refrigeration industries, electrical industries and sanitary purposes. Straight length Seamless Copper Tubes with high precision, ultra clean surfaces, bright finish, even structure, high efficient heat exchanging, welding easily, corrosion resistant and good for mobility, are

manufactured by QAEM Copper Industries Co. By customer request, straight length with high electrical conductivity could be supplied.

Straight copper tubes are usually delivered in hard drawn and half hard tempers; also annealed straight lengths are available as per customer request.



Note: Other sizes can be made as per customer requirement according to mutual agreement. K: Type K M: Type M L: Type

### **Copper Tube for Sanitary Purposes**

Since 1940's, copper has become the pre-eminent plumbing material in the developed countries of the world. Nowadays contamination of drinking water via plastic piping is increasingly recognized as a potentially serious problem.

The unique characteristics of copper piping combining long trouble-free service life, safety and weight savings due to the ability to use smaller diameters and its recyclability even after long time used readily explain the success of copper in building applications.

The main properties that make copper tube as a preferred material for domestic water services include the following:

Ease of installation, ability to be easily joined and manipulated, high strength beside good toughness and ductility, ultra cleaned inner surfaces, corrosion resistance, suitability for use with potable and other waters, potential as bactericide, bio-fouling resistance and availability in a

wide metric sizes compatible with fitting and other system components. In addition, the ease of fabrication and installation of copper tubing, results in improved cost-effectiveness of copper.

At QAEM plant, copper tubes are intended for water and gas in sanitary and heating applications usually manufactured in accordance with specifications given in ASTM (B88) and European Norm (EN 1057).

EN 1057 specification is applicable to seamless copper tubes having an outside diameter from 6 mm up to and including 66.7 mm for distributing networks for hot water and cold water, hot water heating systems (including under floor heating systems), solar system, domestic gas and liquid fuel distribution and waste water sanitation.

QAEM Copper Industries normally delivers these tubes in Straight length form and supplies Hard, Half Hard and Light Annealed tempers designation, as per customer request.

### **QAEM Current Copper tubes Range for Sanitary purposes**

	EN 1057	Type X C	opper Tube	
Outside Dia. (mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Unit Weight (gr/m)	Form of Delivery	Allowed working Pressure* (Bar)
12	0.6	192	Straight length	63
15	0.7	281	Straight length	59
18	0.8	386	Straight length	56
22	0.9	533	Straight length	51
28	0.9	685	Straight length	40
35	1.2	1139	Straight length	42
42	1.2	1375	Straight length	35
54	1.2	1780	Straight length	27
66.7	1.2	2208	Straight length	20

### \* Allowed working pressure at up to 65 °C

### EN 1057 Type Y Copper Tube

Outside Dia. (mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Unit Weight (gr/m)	Form of Delivery	Allowed working Pressure* (Bar)	
12	0.8	0.8 252 Straight length			
15	1.0	293	Straight length	86	
18	1.0	477	Straight length	71	
22	1.2	701	Straight length	69	
28	1.2	903	Straight length	54	
35	1.5	1411	Straight length	55	
42	1.5	1706	Straight length	45	
54	2.0	2921	Straight length	47	
66.7	2.0	3634	Straight length	37	

<sup>\*</sup> Allowed working pressure at up to 65 °C

### **Mechanical Properties**

Character de	Material	Compo	Composition %		-1	Nominal Outdie	Tensile Strength (Mpa)	Elongation	Hardness
Standards	Designation	Cu	Р	Temper De	signation	Diameter (mm)	min.	min.	(HV)
BS EN1057 (1996) Copper and copper alloys-Seamless, round copper tubes for water and gas in sanitary and heating applications	e sunt	≥ 99.90	0.015 - 0.040	Annealed	R220	6 - 54	220	40	40 - 70
				Half Hard	R250		250	30**	75. 400
				Half Hard	R250	6 - 66.7	250	20**	75 - 100
	CW024A			Hard	R290		290	3	min. 100

\*Deoxidiezed High Residual Phosphorous (DHP) \*\* Note: Elongations for half hard tubes depend on the ratio of outside dia. To wall thickness (for more informations see EN 1057 Standard, page 5, table 2



### **Copper Tube for Electrical Applications**

General Specifications										
Outside Diameter (mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Material	Temper Designation	Product Form						
	0.75 2.25	Cu: 99.95% Phosphorous: 0.001 - 0.005%	Soft Annealed (O60)	Ctroight Longth						
4 – 26	0.75 – 3.25	TPC (ASTM B75, EN 13600)	Can be supplied in other tempers by request	Straight Length						

About Copper Tube, besides its application in plumbing, air conditioning and refrigeration industries, because of its high electrical conductivity and excellent formability, it can be used in Electrical Industries as Cable lug.

QAEM Copper Industries Co. is able to produce copper tubes for electrical purposes. Copper Cable Lug is one of the equipments which are used as a connecting terminal in electric power transfer. It is suitable for connection of

copper conductors in power cable with electronic equipment. To get high electrical conductivity, it shall be made of Cu-TPC with 99.95% purity.

These tubes are produced according to EN13600 and ASTM B75 standards and usually supplied in straight length with different tempers, as per customer request. These products are usually capped and packed with wrapped plastic or in wooden box.





А	vailab	le Sizes	of Co	pper Tu	ibes Pi	oduce	d For E	lectric	al App	lication	By Q	AEM		
Outside Dia. (mm)	4.0	5.0	5.5	6.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.5	8.5	10.0	10.5	12.0	12.5
Inside Dia. (mm)	2.4	3.2	3.8	4.0	4.5	5.4	5.5	5.0	5.5	6.5	7.0	8.2	8.5	10.0
Wall Thickness (mm)	0.80	0.90	0.85	1.00	1.25	0.80	1.25	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.15	1.75	1.25
Outside Dia. (mm)	12.5	14.0	14.0	14.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	18.0	18.0	19.0	19.5	21.0	21.0	24.0
Inside Dia. (mm)	8.2	10.0	11.0	10.0	12.0	13.0	11.5	13.5	15.0	13.5	15.0	16.5	15.5	19.0
Wall Thickness (mm)	2.15	2.00	1.50	2.25	2.25	1.75	2.50	2.25	1.50	2.75	2.25	2.25	2.75	2.50

Note: Other sizes can be made as per customer requirement according to mutual agreement.

### **Working Pressure**

Allowable internal pressure for any copper tube in service is based on Barlow's formula for thin-walled, hollow cylinders used in ASME B31 Code for Pressure Piping. Barlow's formula relates the internal pressure that tube can withstand to its dimensions and the strength of the material.

$$P = \frac{2St_m}{D - 0.8t_m}$$

Where:

P = Allowable pressure (psi)

S = Maximum allowable stress in tension (psi)

t<sub>m</sub> = Wall thickness (in)

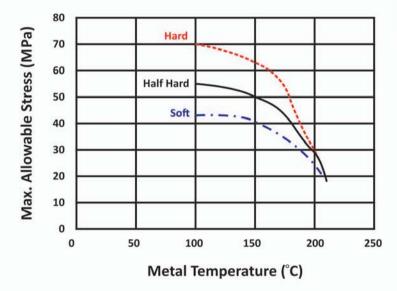
D = Outside diameter (in)

Value of S is the allowable design strength for continuous long-term service of the tube, as determined by ASME B31 Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section 1-Materials.

Allowable stress value depends on the service temperature and on the temper of the tube, hard drawn or annealed.

Allowable stresses for annealed and drawn temper

copper tube are shown in the below table and diagram. They are only a small fraction of copper's ultimate tensile. In system design, joint ratings must also be considered, as the lower of the two ratings (tube or joint) will govern the installation. The rated joint strength in soldered tube systems often governs design. However, annealed ratings must be used in brazed systems since the brazing operation may anneal the tube near the joints.



		ble stresse function o								
Temne	rature		Allowable Stress							
rempe	rature	Annealed	d Temper	Hard Draw	n Temper					
°F	°c	psi	Mpa	psi	Mpa					
100	38	6000	41	10300	71					
150	65	5100	35	10300	71					
200	94	4900	34	10300	71					
250	121	4800	33	10300	71					
300	150	4700	32	10000	69					
350	177	4000	27	9700	66					
400	205	3000	20	9400	64					

### **Conversion Factors**

### Stress:

 $psi \times 0.006895 = MPa$  $MPa \times 145.04 = psi$ 

### Temperature:

°C= 5/9 (°F-32)

°F=9/5 °C+32

### **Quality Control**

QAEM Copper industries Company's quality assurance system is certified to meet the requirements of ISO 9001-2000. Quality control is carried out by highly skilled personnel and with the most modern equipments in production line as well as in laboratory. QAEM Copper Industries Co. is well aware of the importance of products quality and on time deliveries.

QAEM tubes are manufactured according to ASTM, EN & JIS by using the highest grade raw material (99.9% purity copper cathode) and modern technology to provide

superior products for air conditioning, refrigeration industries and also for sanitary and electrical purposes. QAEM Company can also produce based on customer special demands.

Special attention is paid to uniform temper, allowable tolerance, freedom from defect & special internal cleanliness.

The below table shows both specifications of the material which QAEM uses and mechanical properties of its tubes with different tempers.

\*\*Tough Pitch Copper (TPC)

Standard Chemical Composition					Mechanical Properties							
ASTM	EN	JIS	Cu (%)	P (%)	Temper Design	nation	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Elongation (%)	Grain Size (mm)	Hardness (HV)		
				0.015	Soft Annealed	060	205-240	≥40	0.025-0.06	55		
C12200	Cu-DHP*	C1220	≥99.90	0.015- 0.04	Light Annealed	O50	220-270	≥40	≤0.04	60		
					11-16111	4 (21)	270	≥30		80		
C11000	Cu-TPC**	C1100	≥99.95	0.0010- 0.0060	Half Hard	1/2H	350	≥8	0.02-0.04	110		
C10300	(CW020A)	C1201			Hard	Н	≥350	≥3		110		

### **Standards for Copper Tubes**

\*Deoxidized High residual Phosphorous (DHP)

Applications	Standard Code
Air Conditioning and Refrigeration	ASTM B280, B68, EN 12735
Gas and Oil Lines	ASTM B68, B360, EN 1057
Condenser Tubes	ASTM B111
Water and Sanitary Tubes	ASTM B88, EN 1057
Electrical Purposes	EN 13600
General Purposes	ASTM B75, JIS 3300, EN 12449

### **Test Facilities**

QAEM copper industries test facilities are equipped with modern equipment such as:

- 1) Eddy Current Testing Apparatus
- 2) Optical Emission Spectrometer
- 3) Tensile Tester
- 4) Optical Microscope

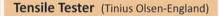
### Eddy Current Test Apparatus (Foerster-Germany)



Eddy Current testing uses electromagnetic induction to detect flaws and defects in conductive materials.

Each millimeter of tube is controlled by eddy current testing machine and defects ,if any, shall be marked by black ink and correspondingly is reported on coil label.

### Optical Emission Spectrometer (Quantron-Germany)





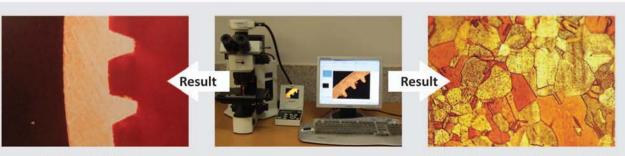
In Optical Emission Spectroscopy technique, energy of spark, formed between sample and electrode, caused the electrons in the sample to emit light which is converted into a spectral pattern.

Detectors (photomultiplier tubes) measure the presence or absence of the spectrum extracted for each element and the intensity of the spectrum to perform qualitative and quantitative analysis of the elements.

We adapt advanced Magellan optical emission spectrometer made by Quantron which is a pioneer German company. The machine is composed of optical system and equipped with powerful functions, windows and calibrating systems. The optical emission spectrometer has merit of good stability, high precision, low limit of inspection and good accuracy.



### Optical Microscope (Olympus-Japan)



Section of I.G Tube

Microstructure of Copper Tube

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tubes for electrical purposes	BS EN12735-2 (2001) Copper and copper alloys- Semless, round copper tubes for air conditioning and refrigeration Part 2:Tubes for equipment  BS En13600 (2002) Copper and copper alloys- Seamless copper tubes for electrical purposes				and refrigeration Part 1:Tubes for piping systems	copper alloys- semless, round copper tubes for		BS EN12735-1	sanitary and heating applications	copper alloys- Seamless, round copper tubes for water	Conner and	BS En1057	Seamless copper tube for air conditioning and refrigeration field service	Standard specification for	ASTM B280 (2008)				
CW021A	Cu-HCP	Cu - DHP CW024A Cu-PHC or CW020A					Cu - DHP or CW024A				Cu - DHP or CW024A				C 12200 (DHP)		C 12000		
	min.	99.95			99.90 min.				99.90 min.				99.90 min.			흜	99.90		
0.002-0.007			0 001 - 0 006		0.015 - 0.040			0.015 - 0.040				0.015 - 0.040			0.015 - 0.040		0.004 - 0.012		
R360	R290	R200	R200	(Skin Hard)	Y040 (Light)	(Soft)		R 290 (Hard)	R250 (Half Hard)	(-1811)	R220	R290 (Hard)	R250 (Half Hard)	(Annealed)	R220	H58 (Drawn)	(2014)	060 (Soft)	
≥ 360	290 - 360	250 - 300	200 - 250	(Straight length only)	≥ 220	(Nominal wall thickness > 0.6)	> 210	≥ 290	≥ 250		≥ 220	≥ 290	≥ 250		> 220	> 250 (Straight lengths)	(0000)	≥ 205 (Coils)	
<b>₩</b>	<b>№</b>	≥ 15	≥ 40	<b>≫</b> 40	<b>№</b> 40	≥ 40		₩ <b>ω</b>	<b>≥</b> 30		₩ 40	w w	> 20 or 30 (according to dimension)		<b>∀</b>	1		₩ 40	
i	-	I		15 - 40	15 - 40	30 - 60					-	1	1			1		<b>∀</b> 40	
(50 < OD <	(30 < OD <	(10 < OD <	(5.0 < OD <	Plain  e < 0.4: (6.0 < 0.0 < 13)*** (13 < 0.0 < 16)*** (13 < 0.0 < 16)*** (6.0 < 0.0 < 13)*** (13 < 0.0 < 13)*** (16 < 0.0 < 28)*** (16 < 0.0 < 28)*** (28 < 0.0 < 54)***		Plain  e < 0.4:  (6.0 < 0.0 < 1.3)*****  (13 < 0.0 < 1.6)***  e > 0.4:  (6.0 < 0.0 < 1.3)***  e > 0.4:  (15 < 0.0 < 1.3)***  (15 < 0.0 < 1.3)***  (15 < 0.0 < 1.3)***  (15 < 0.0 < 5.4)***  (28 < 0.0 < 5.4)***		Dlain	(28<00< 54 ± 0.06	176	OD Diameter	Temper All Temper	(28-OD-< 54) ± 0.06	(6.0×00×18) ± 0.04	OD To Mean	Temper All Temper	(19.05) ************************************	(4.76 - 15.88)******	Coil
80) ± 0.15	50)± 0.10		< 10)± 0.05	Tolerance for all diameters: ± 0.05	7.00 7.94 8.00 9.52 10.00	(Nominal dimentions) 6.35 12 00	Inner grooved	± 0.06		To Any Diameter	R290 (Hard) (I		± 0.04		R290 (Hard) (I	(09.52-22.22)********************************		Straight	
			<b>7</b> /		12.70 15.00 15.87 16.00		oved	± 0.09 ± 0.10 ± 0.11		R250 (Half Hard) ameter		± 0.11	± 0.09	To Any Diameter	R250 (Half Hard)			돭	
±10%			OD 5.0 < OD < Thickness 15	0.80 < a < 1.50 1.50 < a < 2.00		Thickness / 0.25 < a ≤ 0.30	/ op	(e > 1)± 15 % e e = t + deviation from concentricity	· a	(e (e		e = t + devia	(e)	(e		(0./6-0.81) (0.89 - 1.14)***** (1.27)***** (1.40 - 1.52)****	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Coil	
396017		+17%+	15 ← 000 ← 25	+ 8 % b	± 0.030 ± 0.030 ± 0.040 ± 0.050 ± 0.060	± 0.025		> 1)± 15	OD > 18: (e < 1)± 10 % e (e > 1)± 15 % e		OD < 18:	OD ≥ 18: (e < 1)±10 % e (e ≥ 1)±15 % e		OD < 18: (e < 1)± 10 % e (e $\geqslant$ 1)± 13 % e					
±11%t	10/61	+36.4	25 <b>^</b> 00 ≪ 50		a:t+d from con b:No	5 6.0 < 00 / 54		% e concentri	e	(e ≥ 1)± 13 % e		concent	OD < 18: $(e < 1) \pm 10 \% e$ $(e \geqslant 1) \pm 13 \% e$ OD $\geqslant 18:$ $(e < 1) \pm 10 \% e$ $(e \geqslant 1) \pm 15 \% e$ e = t + deviation from concentricity			(0.76)**** (0.89)**** (1.07 - 1.14)**** (1.27)**** (1.27)**** (1.4)**** (1.52)**** (1.52)****		Straight	
246,701	+17%+	•	<0D <		a:t+deviation from concentricity b:Nominal	4	!	city				ricity				11			
	Phosphorous deoxidized, High residual phosphorous  Deoxidized copper - low amount of residual deoxidizer					Phosphorous deoxidized, High residual phosphorous				Phosphorous deoxidized, High residual phosphorous				Phosphorous deoxidized, High residual phosphorous	phosphorous	Phosphorous deoxidized,			
embrittlement.	The seamless round copper tubes manufactured according to this standard, plain or inner grooved, usually used for heat exchangers and their internal connecting pipes in the manufacturing of refrigeration and air conditioning equipment. Tube in the annealed temper can be joined by the simple techniques and is also commonly joined by the use of flare-type and compression fittings, it is also possible to expand the end of one tube so that it can be joined to another by soldering or brazing without a capillary fitting.  Seamless drawn copper tubes produced according to this standard usually used for electrical purposes and delivered in straight lengths including diameter range 5 - 54 mm and wall thickness range 0.5 - 20 mm. These copper tubes may be heat-treated, welded or brazed without it he need for special apre cautions to avoid hydrogen embrittlement.				annealed temper.	usually used for refrigeration and air- conditioning, piping systems (i.e. piping, connections, repaires). These tubes are supplied in straight lengths in the hard and half-hard temporer or in colls in the	manufactured according to this standard		including 54 mm for distributing networks for hot water and cold water, hot water heating systems, including underfloor heating system, solar system, domestic gas and liquid fuel distribution, waste water sanitation.	suriace shall not contain any detrimental him nor presets a abone level high enough to allow the formation of such a film during installation. This Specification is aplicable to seamless round copper trubes having an outside diameter from 6 mm up to and	many countries, because the advantages or copper systems provide long, trouble-free service at low, total installed cost. The inner	Copper tube and fitting are chosen for the majority of new and modern installation in	Specification establishes the requirements for seamless copper tube intended for use in the connection, repairs, or alternation of air conditionning units in the field and heat exchanger industry.	exchanging, welding easily, corrosion resistant and good formability. This	Plain copper tubes with high precision, clean surface, bright finish, even structure, high-precision size, high efficient heat				

# Specifications & Standards for Copper Tube

copper water tube	specification for Seamless	Standard	ASTM B88 (2009)		Seamless copper tube	Standard specification for	ASTM B75 (2002)		standard specification for Seamless copper tube, bright annealed	(2002)	ASTM B68	and tube	Copper and copper alloy seamless pipe	(1997)	JIS H 3300	Standards	Standards		
(DHP)	C 10300 (TPC) C 12000 (DLP) C 12200 (DHP) C 12000 (DLP)				C 10300	C 12200	0.11000	C 12000	0.1220	C 1330		C 1201	Designation	Material					
	min.	99.90		min.	99.90	99.90 min.	min.	99.95	E.	99.90			min.	99.90		5	Com		
0.015 - 0.040			0.004 - 0.012	0.015 - 0.040		0.004 - 0.012	0.001	0 001 -0 005	0.004 - 0.012		0.015 - 0.040		0.015 - 0.040		0 004 - 0 015	ס	Composition %		
H58 (Drawn)	(Light)	050	O60 (Soft)	H80 (Hard- Drawn)	H58 (Drawn)	H55 (Light- Drawn)	O50 (Light)	060 (Soft)	O50 (Light)	(Soft)	060	H (Hard)	1/2 H (Half Hard)	OL (Light)	(Soft)	Temper	Mec		
≥ 250 (Drawn)	(Straight lengths)	> 205	>> 205 (Colls)	> 310	≥ 250	250 - 325	≥ 205	> 205	> 205		V 205	≥ 315	245-325	≥ 205	≥ 205	Tensile Strength (Mpa)	Mechanical Properties		
1			-		1	1	1		≥ 40	ż	V 6		1	≥ 40	<b>≥</b> 40	Elongation (%)	Prope		
	≥ 25		≫ 40		1	1	<b> </b>	≥ 40	15 - 40	d	<b>∀</b>		1	<b>№</b> 40	25-60	Grain Size (µm)	rties		
±0.100 ±0.115	12.7 - 19.05 ±0.060 ±0.025 22.22 ±0.075 ±0.025 28.57 +0.090 +0.040	±0.050	Temper Annealed Drawn		(4.0 < OD ≤ 15) <sup>1 0.08</sup> (15 < OD ≤ 25) <sup>1 0.09</sup> (25 < OD ≤ 50) <sup>1 0.12</sup> (25 < OD ≤ 15.88) <sup>1 0.05</sup> (15.88 < OD ≤ 25.40) <sup>1 0.06</sup> (25.40 < OD ≤ 50.80) <sup>1 0.07</sup> (25.88 < OD ≤ 25.40) <sup>1 0.08</sup> (15.88 < OD ≤ 25.40) <sup>1 0.08</sup> (15.88 < OD ≤ 25.40) <sup>1 0.09</sup> (25.40 < OD ≤ 50.80) <sup>1 0.09</sup>							Outside Diameter & Tolerance (Applicable to mean diameter)	Preferred Di						
	Type M: 0.63 - 1.47	Type K: 0.89 - 2.10			0.86 < t < 1.45 1.45 < t < 2.08 2.08 < t < 3.02	0.00 < t < 0.43 0.43 < t < 0.61 0.61 < t < 0.86		Thickness	0.43 < 1 < 0.01 0.61 < 1 < 0.86 0.86 < t < 1.45 1.45 < t < 2.08 2.08 < t < 3.02	0.00 < t ≤ 0.43	Thickness	1.40 < t < 2.00	$0.40 < t \le 0.60$ $0.60 < t \le 0.80$ $0.80 < t \le 1.40$	0.25 < t ≤ 0.40	Thickness	Thickn	Dimensions (mm)		
					± 0.025 ± 0.050 ± 0.060 ± 0.075 ± 0.090 ± 0.100			4.76 < OD < 15.87	± 0.060 ± 0.075 ± 0.090 ± 0.100	± 0.025	4.76 < OD < 15.87	± 0.15	± 0.07 ± 0.10 ± 0.13	± 0.06	4.0 < OD < 15	Thickness & Tolerance	lm)		
	± 10 %THK			± 0.10 ± 0.11		± 0.09 ± 0.10 ± 0.13		± 0.04 ± 0.05 ± 0.06		15.87 < OD < 25.4	± 0.05 ± 0.06 ± 0.09 ± 0.10	+ 0.04	15.87 < OD < 25.4	± 0.18	± 0.08 ± 0.10 ± 0.15	± 0.07	15 < OD < 25	erance	
					± 0.090 ± 0.100 ± 0.180	± 0.050 ± 0.060 ± 0.075		25.4 < OD < 50.8	± 0.090 ± 0.090 ± 0.100 ± 0.180	± 0.050	25.4 < OD < 50.8	± 0.18	± 0.09 ± 0.11 ± 0.15	ı	25 < OD < 50				
deoxidized, High residual phosphorous	Phosphorous	phosphorous	Phosphorous deoxidized,	High residual phosphorous	Phosphorous deoxidized,	Phosphorous deoxidized, Low residual phosphorous	phosphorous	Oxygen-free,	Phosphorous deoxidized, High residual phosphorous	phosphorous	Phosphorous deoxidized,		copper	Phosphorous		Name	Info		
soluer, nared, or compression-type fittings.	of fluids, and commonly used with	tube suitable for general plumbing,	This specification establishes the		and other systems.		This specification established the requirements for seamless round		where tube with an interior surface essentially free from scale and dirt is required.	requirement for bright annealed seamless copper tube suitable for use in refrieeration oil lines easoline lines	4	chemical industry, gas pipe, etc. C 1220 may be also used for water supply and hot water supply.	reducing atmospheare. C 1201 has better electrical conductivity than C 1220. Applicable to heat exchanger,	weidability, corrosion and weathering resistance and heat conductivity. C1220 is free from hydrogen embrittlement heated at elevated temperature in	Copper tubes manufactured according to this standards have good flaring and bending properties, drawability,	Specification & Application	Informative References		



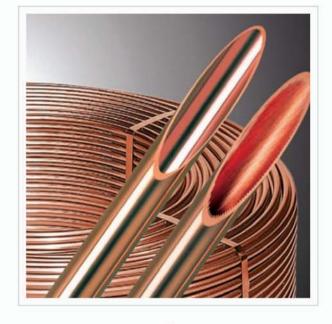


### Level wound coils (LWC) Packing

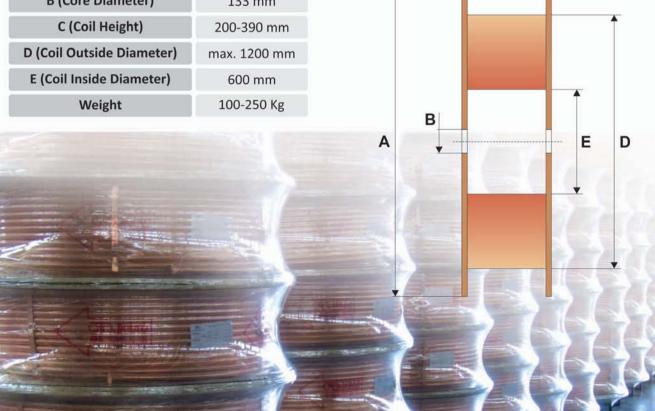
- · A level wound coil (LWC) is a continuous length of tube tightly wound in layers and is available in following 4 specifications
- Standard LWC on wooden reels or cardboard reels
- Standard LWC (bare coils)
- LWC jumbo coils (bare coils)
- LWC eye to the sky (bare coils)

- · Eddy Current tested
- Protection gas: Nitrogen gas inside tube
- level wound coils (LWC) are delivered on wooden pallets and wrapped with plastic film
- Ink marked to show defects according to EN and ASTM
- End caps











### **Straight Lengths Packing**

- Bundles
- Plastic film
- End caps
- End plugs



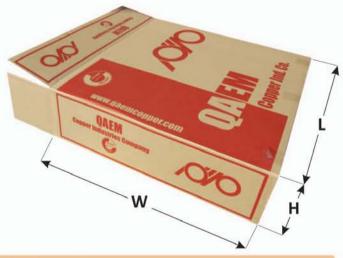




### **Pancake Coil Packing**

- Pancakes are packed in cardboard box ,with shrink film bags.
- Pancakes are delivered on wooden pallets and wrapped with plastic film.
- Layer of pancake: 1,2,3 layers
- End caps
- Optional:

Silica gel Print on tubes



### **Pancake Coil Packing Specification**

Size of Tube	15	М	15.24 M ( 50' )		30	М	50	M	Size of Cardboard Box (mm)			
	No. of Coil / Box	No. of Layer / Coil	No. of Coil / Box	No. of Layer / Coil	No. of Coil / Box	No. of Layer / Coil	No. of Coil / Box	No. of Layer / Coil	w	L	н	
(3/16") 4.76 mm * T	14	1	16	1	10	2	8	2	500	500	120.5	
(1/4") 6.35 mm * T	12	1	12	1	8	2	6	3	500	500	120.5	
(5/16") 7.93 mm * T	10	1	12	1	7	2	4	3	500	500	120.5	
(3/8") 9.52 mm * T	10	1	10	1	6	2	3	3	570	570	150	
(1/2") 12.70 mm * T	6	2	6	2	4	3	5	4	570	570	180.5	
(5/8") 15.87 mm * T	6	1	6	1	3	2	2	3	700	700	130	
(3/4") 19.05 mm * T	7	1	4	2	3	3	2	4	700	700	190	
(7/8") 22.22 mm * T	4	2	2	3	2	4	-	-	700	700	190	

### **Production Process**













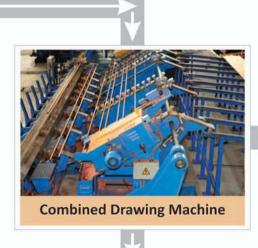


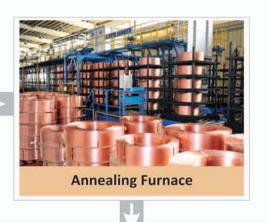
















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